Frostbite

Note

If you see the telephone symbol () next to any sign below occurring in the student, call for help (EMS/9-1-1, school nurse, first aid-trained staff).

Look for

- White, bluish skin appearance (most often hands, feet, nose, ears)
- Loss of function in a body part

Feel for

Skin firmness/feels frozen

Listen for statements about

Pain, throbbing, loss of feeling, numbness

Action

- 1. Protect student from continued cold exposure, e.g., bringing student indoors and replacing wet clothing with dry clothing.
- 2. Treat hypothermia (see "hypothermia," p. 57) before treating frostbite.
- 3. For minor frostbite (throbbing, pain), apply simple skin-to-skin contact (such as from a warm hand) to rewarm the area.
- 4. If frostbite is more severe (white, bluish skin, loss of feeling, numbness) seek medical attention.
- 5. Wrap affected part(s) in blanket, towels, dry clothing, etc.
- 6. Offer sips of warm, non-caffeinated, non-alcoholic fluids if student is fully awake.

7. **Do Not:**

- Allow student to walk if feet are frozen.
- Rub or massage affected area with anything.
- Expose frostbitten skin to heat of stove, radiator, heating pad, etc.
- Break blisters.